

161 Bowery

161 Bowery New York, New York





Available ISPs

Carrier	Cable Type	Network Type	Cable Distribution
Spectrum	Coaxial	Phone or Cable	Full Coverage
Stealth Communications	Fiber	Туре 1	Partial Coverage
Towerstream	Fixed Wireless	Rooftop Wireless	Direct to Tenant
Verizon	Copper	Phone or Cable	Partial Coverage

Key Features of Connectivity

- Fiber from Stealth Communications can provide dedicated, business grade internet access with guaranteed upload and download speeds.
- Fixed wireless connectivity from the rooftop provides an independent internet option from the wire-line networks entering from the street.
- Additional riser capacity is available to support future needs of tenants and ISP's throughout the entire building.
- Telecom equipment is kept in a protected space, separate from other utilities reducing the potential for service disruption.

- Management has documented agreements in place with carriers to support seamless and timely provision of services to tenants.
- Coaxial cabling can provide bundled phone, cable TV, and basic internet.
- Dedicated risers are present to contain and protect telecom cables from risk of damage.

Wired Certification Fact Sheet Explainer

Cabling Type	Use	Maximum Speed (Bandwidth rates)	
Copper	Used in older Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) networks, these networks use copper telephone lines to provide Internet access to customers.	40 Mbps Down 5 Mbps Up	
Coaxial	Used in most Cable provider networks. Typically used for Television sets or Modems.	300 Mbps Down 30 Mbps Up	
Fixed Wireless	Rooftop based antenna networks are used for both primary and secondary forms of connectivity. Top choice for redundant connection because it doesn't rely on existing wireline cabling into a building. Fixed Wireless should not be confused with Satellite Dishes which provide Television service and minimal Internet capabilities.	1000 Mbps (1 Gig) Up and Down	
Fiber	Most technologically advanced form of cabling used in buildings. Signals can travel for greater distances at faster speeds.	10,000 Mbps (10 Gig) Up and Down	
Distribution Type	Definition		
Direct to Tenant Space Only	Carrier runs a single cable from where their equipment is located to the tenant they are servicing. This is not ideal for a tenant ordering new service as it could require extensive construction which will delay the tenant getting timely service.		
Partial Distribution	Partial Distribution is defined as a distribution point every 6-10 floors. Carrier places several distribution points within the building where they can connect additional cables for tenants. A distribution point can either be a termination box or a coil of spare cabling. For new service requests, partial distribution is less time intensive than direct to tenant space cables.		
Full Distribution	Carrier places distribution points (a termination box or a coil of spare cabling and can easily serve any tenant in the building. This setup drastically reduce tenants to receive new service.		
Network Type	Definition		
Туре 1	Carrier owns the fiber entering the building.		
Туре 2	Carrier is using someone else's fiber, copper or coax to reach a tenant.		
Phone Company or Cable Network	Carrier is entering the building with Copper Phone Cables or Coaxial Cables. These usually only offer slower Internet speeds.		